

Safety Data Sheet 250 PPM NITRIC OXIDE, 250 PPM SULFUR DIOXIDE, 850 PPM CARBON MONOXIDE, BALANCE NITROGEN

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Purity Cylinder Gases,Inc. 2580 28th St SW Wyoming, MI 49519 P: (616)532-2375 www.puritygas.com

Product Code: 250 PPM NITRIC OXIDE, 250 PPM SULFUR DIOXIDE, 850 PPM CARBON MONOXIDE, BALANCE NITROGEN Part Number: 250P NO, 250P SO2, 850P CO BN Synonyms: Recommended Use: Usage Restrictions:

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Hazard Classification: Gases Under Pressure

Hazard Statements: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary Statements

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Store in well-ventilated place.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS #	Concentration	
Nitric Oxide	10102-43-9	250 PPM	
Sulfur Dioxide	7446-09-5	250 PPM	
Carbon Monoxide	630-08-0	850 PPM	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	balance	

Nitrogen	trogen 7727-37-9 balance		
	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Nitric Oxide	NITRIC OXIDE	Inorganic gases	NITROGEN OXIDE (NO); NITRIC OXIDE (NO); NITRIC OXIDE TRIMER; NITROGEN MONOXIDE; NITROGEN MONOOXIDE; NITROGEN OXIDE (N4O4); NITROSYL RADICAL; RCRA P076; STCC 4920330; UN 1660; NO
Sulfur Dioxide	SULFUR DIOXIDE	Inorganic gases	SULFUROUS ACID ANHYDRIDE; SULFUROUS OXIDE; SULPHUR DIOXIDE; SULFUROUS ANHYDRIDE; FERMENTICIDE LIQUID; SULFUR DIOXIDE(SO2); SULFUR OXIDE; SULFUR OXIDE(SO2); STCC 4904290; UN 1079; O2S
Carbon Monoxide	CARBON MONOXIDE	Inorganic gases	CARBON OXIDE; CARBON OXIDE (CO); UN 1016; CO
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN; NITROGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Nitric Oxide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	None
Sulfur Dioxide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate medical attention. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Carbon Monoxide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Nitric Oxide	Water Do not use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide or halogenated extinguishing agents. Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Nitrogen oxides	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Sulfur Dioxide	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire.	None known	 Non-flammable Non-flammable
Carbon Monoxide	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon dioxide	 Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply. Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment	
Nitric Oxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Avoid contact with combustible materials.	Avoid contamination of water, soil, drains, and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.	
Sulfur Dioxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet.	Avoid contamination of environment.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on material.	
Carbon Monoxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.	
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.	

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Nitric Oxide	Contact emergency personnel.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Ceter at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Sulfur Dioxide	Stop leak, evacuate area. Contact emergency personnel.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Carbon Monoxide	Stop leak, evacuate area. Wear protective equipment.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Nitric Oxide	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. NFPA 430 Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizing Materials. Notify State Emergency Response Commission for storage or use at amounts greater than or equal to the TPQ (U.S. EPA SARA Section 302). SARA Section 303 requires facilities storing a material with a TPQ to participate in local emergency response planning (U.S. EPA 40 CFR 355.30).	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Sulfur Dioxide	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier.

	Handling	Storage
Carbon Monoxide	Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	Exposure Guidelines
Nitric Oxide	NITRIC OXIDE: 25 ppm (30 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 25 ppm ACGIH TWA 25 ppm (30 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s)
Sulfur	SULFUR DIOXIDE: 2 ppm (5 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5 ppm (13 mg/m3) OSHA STEL
Dioxide	(vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5 ppm (13 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 2 ppm ACGIH TWA 5 ppm ACGIH STEL 2 ppm (5
	mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 5 ppm (13 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended STEL
Carbon	CARBON MONOXIDE: 50 ppm (55 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30,
Monoxide	1993) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) OSHA ceiling (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 25 ppm ACGIH TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3)
	NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended ceiling
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)

Engineering Controls

Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Nitric Oxide	Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Sulfur Dioxide	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Non-flammable
Carbon Monoxide	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

General Hygiene considerations

Avoid breathing vapor or mist

- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Nitric Oxide	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Not available	N/A
Sulfur Dioxide	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Irritating odor	N/A
Carbon Monoxide	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Nitrogen	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Nitric Oxide	Not applicable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Sulfur Dioxide	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Carbon Monoxide	Flammable	Not available	1479.11 (log = 3.17) (estimated from water solubility)	1128-1202 F (609- 650 C)	0.74	12.0-12.5%
Nitrogen	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Nitric Oxide	-242 F (-152 C)	-263 F (- 164 C)	26000 mmHg @ 20 C	1.036 (Air=1)	Not applicable	7.3% @ 0 C	Not applicable	0.3-1.0 ppm	Not applicable	0.0188 cP @ 25 C
Sulfur Dioxide	14 F (- 10 C)	-99 F (-73 C)	2432 mmHg @ 20 C	2.26 (Air=1)	1.462 @ - 10 C	22.8% @ 0 C	Acidic in solution	3-5 ppm	>1 (butyl acetate=1)	Not available
Carbon Monoxide	-312.7 F (- 191.5 C)	-326 F (- 199 C)	760 mmHg @ -191 C gas; cannot be liquefied at room temperature	0.968 (Air=1)	Not applicable	2.3% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C
Nitrogen	-321 F (-196 C)	-346 F (- 210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Nitric Oxide	30.01	N-O	1.3402 g/L	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Sulfuric acid, alcohol, ferrous sulfate solutions, carbon disulfide
Sulfur Dioxide	64.06	S-O2	0.169	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, acetic acid, sulfuric acid, ether, chloroform, benzene, sulfuryl chloride, nitrobenzenes, toluene, acetone
Carbon Monoxide	28.01	C-0	1.250 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, benzene, acetic acid, ethyl acetate, chloroform, cuprous chloride solutions
Nitrogen	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Nitric Oxide	May react on contact with air. May react on contact with water. Releases toxic, corrosive, flammable or explosive gases. May explode during distillation or evaporation.	May react on contact with air. May react on contact with water. Releases toxic, corrosive, flammable or explosive gases. May explode during distillation or evaporation.	Metals, bases, metal oxides, reducing agents, combustible materials, halo carbons, oxidizing materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal salts
Sulfur Dioxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, metals, bases, oxidizing materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal oxides, peroxides, reducing agents, potassium, sodium, nitryl chloride, acrolein, metal oxides, carbide
Carbon Monoxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metals, combustible materials, lithium
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Nitric Oxide	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.
Sulfur Dioxide	Forms sulfurous acid solution on reaction with water.	Will not polymerize.
Carbon Monoxide	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
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	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Nitric Oxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat 1068 mg/m3 4 hours	Not available	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, chest pain, difficulty breathing, headache, dizziness, bluish skin color, lung congestion
Sulfur Dioxide	LC50, 1 hr, rat = 2520 ppm	Not available	Allergic reactions, burns, toxic
Carbon Monoxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat 1807 ppm 4 hours	Not available	Changes in body temperature, changes in blood pressure, nausea, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, pain in extremities, tremors, loss of coordination, hearing loss, visual disturbances, eye damage, suffocation, blood disorders, convulsions, coma
Nitrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Nitric Oxide	Irritation (possibly severe)	Irritation (possibly severe)	Acute toxicity, Category 1, inhalation; H330: Fatal if inhaled. Skin corrosion, Category 1B; H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Sulfur Dioxide	Corrosive, burns	Corrosive, burns	Acute toxicity, Category 3, inhalation; H331: Toxic if inhaled. Skin corrosion, Category 1B; H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Carbon MonoxideNo information on significant adverse effectsNo information on significant adverse effects		significant adverse	Acute toxicity, Category 3, inhalation; H331: Toxic if inhaled. Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A; H360D: May damage the unborn child. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 1; H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Nitrogen	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Developmental Effects
Nitric Oxide	Not available	Available.	Not available	No data
Sulfur Dioxide	IARC: Human Inadequate Evidence, Animal Limited Evidence, Group 3; ACGIH: A4 -Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	Available.	Available.	No data
Carbon Monoxide	Not available	Available.	Available.	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Nitric Oxide	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Readily biodegrades	Not available	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.
Sulfur Dioxide	Fish toxicity: 3000 ug/L 0.667-0.833 hour(s) (Avoidance) Atlantic menhaden (Brevoortia tyrannus) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: 500 ug/L 6 day(s) (Cellular) Green algae (Rhizoclonium hieroglyphicum) Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: >=150 ug/L NR hour(s) (Biochemical) Duckweed (Lemna minor)	Not available	Not available	Not available
Carbon Monoxide	Fish toxicity: 75000 ug/L 1 day(s) LC100 (Mortality) Orangespotted sunfish (Lepomis humilis) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Highly volatile from water.	Not available	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.
Nitrogen	Fish toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

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Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available		
Phyto toxicity: Not available		
Other toxicity: Not available		

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Nitric Oxide	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001. D003. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Sulfur Dioxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Carbon	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous
Monoxide	Waste Number(s): D001.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Carbon Monoxide)
UN Number	UN1956
Hazard Class	2.2
Hazard Information	Non-Flammable Gas

Individual Component Information

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
Nitric Oxide	Nitric oxide, compressed	UN1660	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 5.1;8	Forbidden	Forbidden	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone A
Sulfur Dioxide	Sulfur dioxide	UN1079	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 8	Forbidden	Forbidden	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone C
Carbon Monoxide	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 2.1	Forbidden	25 kg	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone D
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Nitric Oxide	Nitric oxide, compressed	UN1660	2.3; 5.1; 8	Not applicable
Sulfur Dioxide	Sulfur dioxide	UN1079	2.3; 8	Not applicable
Carbon Monoxide	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3; 2.1	Not applicable
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40
Nitric Oxide	10 LBS RQ	100 LBS TPQ	10 LBS RQ
Sulfur Dioxide	Not regulated.	500 LBS TPQ	500 LBS RQ
Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Nitric Oxide	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Sulfur Dioxide	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Carbon Monoxide	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Nitrogen	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Nitric Oxide	Not regulated.
Sulfur Dioxide	Not regulated.
Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety

Nitric Oxide	250 LBS TQ
Sulfur Dioxide	1000 LBS TQ
Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65
Nitric Oxide	Not regulated.
Sulfur	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including sulfur dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause
Dioxide	cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Carbon	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon Monoxide, which is known to the State of California to
Monoxide	cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

Canadian Regulations

	WHMIS Classification
Nitric Oxide	ACD1
Sulfur Dioxide	AD1
Carbon Monoxide	A, B1, D1A, D2A.
Nitrogen	A

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Nitric Oxide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Sulfur Dioxide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Carbon Monoxide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Nitrogen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating
Nitric Oxide	HEALTH=4 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=1 SPECIAL=OX
Sulfur Dioxide	HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0
Carbon Monoxide	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard